

2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

(Translation)

Time: 9:00 a.m., June 24, Friday, 2016

Place: 2F, No. 68, Wuner 1st St., Gueishan District, Taoyuan City

(Fullon Hotel Linkou)

Attending Shareholders: The total number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting in person or by proxy is 479,858,340 shares (including casted electronically 313,628,292 shares), representing 80.42% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 596,666,262 shares)

Chairman: Dennis Chen Recorder: Joan Lu

Attending Directors and Supervisors: Yu-Chi Wang (Director), William Chang (Director), Steve Chen (Director), Chao-Shun Chang (Independent Director), Wei-Lin Wang (Independent Director), Shih-Chun Hsieh, Representative of International Fiber Technology Co., Ltd. (Supervisor)

Attendees: Mei-Yen Chen (CPA)

- I. As the number of shares represented by attending shareholder has reached the required quorum for shareholders' meeting, the chairman declares the shareholders' meeting begins.
- II. Chairman's Speech: (Omitted)

III. Discussion Items:

Proposed by the Board

Amendment to the Company's "Articles of Incorporation".

Explanation:

- (1) WIN's "Articles of Incorporation" should be amended to comply with the amendment of Company Law of Article 235-1, 235 and 240.
- (2) The proposed amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation" is attached hereto as Attachment I. Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,834,538 votes. Voting in favor 430,038,511 votes (including votes casted electronically 263,894,265 votes) representing 89.62% of share presented, voting against 19,656 votes (including votes casted electronically 19,656 votes), voting invalid or abstained 49,776,371 votes (including votes casted electronically 49,714,371 votes). RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

IV. Report Items:

Report 1: 2015 business report (see Attachment II)

Report 2: 2015 supervisors' review report (see Attachment III)

Report 3: 2015 employees' profit sharing bonus and Directors' and Supervisors' compensation

- 1. According to the amendment of Article 22 of the Article of Incorporation. If there is any net profit after closing of a fiscal year, it shall be allocated according to the following principles:
 - (1) Employee compensation: not less than 5% but no more than 10% and shall be determined and pursuant to Employee Bonus Procedure of the Corporation. In addition, employee compensation shall be distributed in the form of shares or cash. Stock-type employee compensation may be distributed to qualified employees of affiliates of the Corporation.
 - (2) Compensation of Directors and Supervisors: no more than 3%. However, if there are any accumulated losses of the Corporation, the Corporation shall pre-reserve the amount to offset the loss. The distribution of employees' compensation and compensation of Directors and Supervisors shall follow the special resolution by Board of Directors, and report it to the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. The Company's profit of 2015 is NT\$ 3,731,782,616 (this is the pre-tax profit after deducting of the employees' profit sharing bonus and compensation for Directors and Supervisors). The proposed employees' profit sharing bonus and Directors' and Supervisors' compensation are NT\$231,300,000 and NT\$67,100,000 respectively. These amounts were approved by the Board of Directors meeting on March 17, 2016, and are to be distributed in cash.

V. Proposed Items:

Proposed by the Board

Adoption of the 2015 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Explanation:

- (1) The Company's Financial Statements, including the balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statements of cash flows, were audited by independent auditors, Mei-Yen Chen and Pei-Chi Chen of KPMG. In addition, the Business Report and Financial Statements have been examined by the Supervisors of the Company.
- (2) The 2015 Business Report, independent auditors' audit report, and the above-mentioned Financial Statements are attached hereto as Attachments II, IV and V.

Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,858,340 votes. Voting in favor 429,088,527 votes (including votes casted electronically 262,944,281 votes) representing 89.42% of share presented, voting against 19,656 votes (including votes casted electronically 19,656 votes), voting invalid or abstained 50,750,157 votes (including votes casted electronically 50,664,355 votes). RESOLVED, that the 2015 Business Report and Financial Statements be and hereby were accepted as submitted.

Proposed by the Board

Adoption of the proposal for distribution of 2015 profits.

Explanation:

- (1) The Company's net profit of 2015 is NT\$ 2,671,626,942. In accordance with Article 22-1 of the Articles of Incorporation, the 2015 profit allocation proposal is made and attached hereto as Attachment VI.
- (2) The proposed dividend to shareholders is a cash dividend of NT\$0.5 per common share. Subject to the approval of the 2016 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, it is proposed that the Chairman of the Board be authorized to determine the ex-dividend date and payment date. If the total amount of outstanding common shares changes owing to WIN redeeming its common shares or issuing new common shares to its employees as a result of exercising stock options and the distribution ratio for the cash dividend needs to be adjusted, it is proposed that the Chairman of the Board of Directors of WIN is authorized by the General Shareholders Meeting to make such adjustments.

Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,858,340 votes. Voting in favor 430,042,311 votes (including votes casted electronically 263,898,065 votes) representing 89.62% of share presented, voting against 15,856 votes (including votes casted electronically 15,856 votes), voting invalid or abstained 49,800,173 votes (including votes casted electronically 49,714,371 votes). RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

VI. Discussion Items:

Proposed by the Board

Amendment to the Company's "Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting".

Explanation:

- (1) To form the Audit Committee of the Company, WIN's "Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting" should be amended.
- (2) The proposed amendment to the "Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting" is attached hereto as Attachment VII.

Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,858,340 votes. Voting in favor 430,038,311 votes (including votes casted electronically 263,894,065 votes) representing 89.62% of share presented, voting against 19,656 votes (including votes casted electronically 19,656 votes), voting invalid or abstained 49,800,373 votes (including votes casted electronically 49,714,571 votes). RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Proposal 2: Proposed by the Board

Amendment to the Company's "Rules for Election of Directors and Supervisors". Explanation:

- (1) To form the Audit Committee of the Company, WIN's "Rules for Election of Directors and Supervisors" should be amended and the title of the rules should be changed to "Rules for Election of Directors".
- (2) The proposed amendment to the "Rules for Election of Directors" is attached hereto as Attachment IIX.

Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,858,340 votes. Voting in favor 430,038,511 votes (including votes casted electronically 263,894,265 votes) representing 89.62% of share presented, voting against 19,656 votes (including votes casted electronically 19,656 votes), voting invalid or abstained 49,800,173 votes (including votes casted electronically 49,714,371 votes). RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Capital reduction by distributing cash to shareholders.

Explanation:

- (1) In order to improve the capital structure and enhance return on equity, it is proposed that the Company conduct a capital reduction by distributing cash to shareholders.
- (2) The amount of the capital reduction shall be NT\$1,789,998,780 to reduce 178,999,878 common shares, which is calculated based on the numbers of outstanding common shares totaling 596,666,262 shares with par value NT\$10 and the paid-in capital of NT\$5,966,662,620 as of Feb. 29, 2016. The capital reduction rate is 30%. For each 1,000 shares, 700 shares shall be exchanged and NT\$3 per share shall be returned. Following the capital reduction, the paid-in capital of the Company shall be NT\$4,176,663,840 and outstanding shares, 417,666,384 shares.
- (3) Each 1,000 shares of common stock shall be exchanged and replaced with new shares for 700 shares of the same stock on the basis of the number of shares held by each shareholder according to each shareholder's ownership as registered in the book on the record date of the capital reduction. For each fractional common share resulting from the capital reduction, the shareholders can compose a complete share, and register the composition with the Securities Registrar and Transfer Agency within five days from the record date. Otherwise, the Company will pay the shareholder cash based on the close price at the latest trading day of Taipei Exchange, rounded down to whole NT dollar. No shares shall be issued in physical form. The Chairman of the Board is hereby authorized to designate persons to purchase all of the fractional shares at the above-mentioned price.
- (4) The Chairman of the Board shall be authorized to determine the record date of the capital reduction, and the Board shall be authorized to make the capital reduction plan, the record date and the listing date of newly issued shares and other relevant matters after the Company has received the competent authority's approval.
- (5) It is proposed that the Chairman of the Board is authorized with full power to take any proper actions in case the number of outstanding shares of the Company is affected as a result of the requests of competent authority, any changes of laws/regulations, redemption/cancellation of outstanding shares of the Company, exercise of employee stock options or any other unforeseeable situations.

Voting Result:

Shares present at the time of voting was 479,858,340 votes. Voting in favor 430,037,511 votes (including votes casted electronically 263,893,265 votes) representing 89.62% of share presented, voting against 20,657 votes (including votes casted electronically 20,657 votes), voting invalid or abstained 49,800,172 votes (including votes casted electronically 49,714,370 votes). RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

VII. Directors Election

Proposal 1:

Proposed by the Board

Election of nine Directors of the Board (including three Independent Directors).

Explanation:

- (1) The tenure of all Directors and Supervisors expires on June 9, 2016. The Board of Directors resolved that all Directors will be elected at this Annual General Shareholders' Meeting.
- (2) In accordance with Article 14-4 of Securities and Exchange Act, the Company has to form the Audit Committee and the positions of Supervisors will no longer exist.
- (3) According to Article 13 of Article of Incorporation, the Company shall have seven to nine Directors, including Independent Directors, seats of which shall not be less than two or one-fifth of seats of Directors. Reflecting the operation needs of the Company, there shall be nine Directors (including three Independent Directors), who shall be elected in accordance with the nomination system by the shareholders' meeting, and to serve a term of office of three years. The tenure of newly elected directors shall commence on June 24, 2016 and expire on June 23, 2019. The Audit Committee will consist of all incumbent Independent Directors.
- (4) The Director candidates' academic background, experience and relevant information were reviewed by the Board meeting on May 12, 2016 and attached hereto as Attachment IX.

Voting Result:

The newly elected nine Directors (including three Independent Directors) are listed as follows:

Title	Shareholder's	Name	Votes
Title	No. (ID No.)	Ivaille	Received
Director	73	Chin-Tsai Chen (Dennis Chen)	466,863,294
Director	1	International Fiber Technology Co.,	418,878,595
Director	1	LtdRepresentative: Shih-Chuan Hsieh	410,070,393
Director	1435	Li-Cheng Yeh	400,668,417
Director	153	Yu-Chi Wang (YC Wang)	380,664,891
Director	3643	Wen-Ming Chang (William Chang)	378,635,725
Director	74	Shun-Ping Chen (Steve Chen)	374,970,263
Independent	G1007****	Chao Chun Chang	212 211 727
Director	G1007******	Chao-Shun Chang	313,211,727
Independent	2998	Shen-Yi Li	292 025 005
Director	2998	Shell-11 Li	283,935,095
Independent	F1222****	Wai Lin Wang	282 663 210
Director	1,1222	Wei-Lin Wang	282,663,210

VIII. Other Items:

Proposal 1: Proposed by the Board

Proposal for release of Directors from non-competition restrictions.

Explanation:

(1) According to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or on

behalf of another person that is within the scope of the company's business, shall explain to the

meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.

The candidates of the Directors of the Board of the Company who participate in the operations

of another company, that engages in the same or similar business scope as the Company hereby

requests the shareholders' approval to release these directors and their proxies from the

non-competition restrictions.

(3) Positions that Directors concurrently engage in are attached hereto as Attachment X.

Voting Result:

After deducting the 37,225,255 voting rights that are excluded due to conflict of interests of

shareholders in this matter according to Article 178 of the Company Act, shares present at the time

of voting is 442,633,085 votes. Voting in favor 322,410,468 votes (including votes casted

electronically 193,491,477 votes) representing 72.84% of share presented, voting against 17,170,199

votes (including votes casted electronically 17,170,199 votes), voting invalid or abstained

103,052,418 votes (including votes casted electronically 102,966,616 votes). RESOLVED, that the

above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

IX. Special Motions: None

X. Adjournment: At 9:43a.m. of June 24, 2016.

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ATTACHMENT I: REVISIONS TO ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Before and After Revision

BEFORE THE REVISION

Article 22

If there is any net profit after closing of a fiscal year, the Corporation shall first pay business income tax, offset losses in previous years, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, provided that no allocation of legal reserve is required if the accumulated legal reserve is equal to the total capital amount of the Corporation; and then set aside or rotate special reserve according to the rule set out by the government authority in charge. Any balance left over shall be allocated according to the following principles:

- 1. Employee bonus: not less than 5% but no more than 10% and shall be determined pursuant to Employee Bonus Procedure of the Corporation. Stock-type employee bonus may be distributed to qualified employees of affiliates of the Corporation.
- 2. Compensation of Directors and Supervisors: not less than 1% but no more than 3%.
- 3. The balance is shareholders' dividend, in which cash dividend shall not be lower than 10% of entire dividend.

As the Corporation is a high-tech firm with intensive capital expenditure, conditions, timing, amount and kinds of the above-stated dividend policy may be adjusted, taking into account economic cycles, industry change and the Corporation's growth and cash demand.

AFTER THE REVISION

Article 22 <u>Employees' Profit Sharing</u> <u>Bonus and Compensation of Directors</u> <u>and Supervisors</u>

If there is any net profit after closing of a fiscal year, it shall be allocated according to the following principles:

- 1. Employee <u>compensation</u>: not less than 5% but no more than 10% and shall be determined and pursuant to Employee Bonus Procedure of the Corporation. <u>In addition</u>, <u>employee's profit sharing bonus shall be distributed in the form of shares or cash</u>. Stock-type employee compensation may be distributed to qualified employees of affiliates of the Corporation.
- 2. Compensation of Directors and Supervisors: no more than 3%.

However, if there are any accumulated losses of the Corporation, the Corporation shall pre-reserve the amount to offset the loss. The distribution of employees' profit sharing bonus and compensation of Directors and Supervisors shall follow the special resolution by Board of Directors, and report it to the shareholders' meeting.

Article 22-1 Profits Distribution

If there is any net profit after closing of a fiscal year, the Corporation shall first pay business income tax, offset losses in previous years, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, provided that no allocation of legal reserve is required if the accumulated legal reserve is equivalent to the total capital amount of the Corporation; and then set aside or rotate special reserve according to the rule set out by the government authority in charge. If there is still remaining balance, the Board of Directors should draw up a meeting regarding the issue of profit distribution and report to the shareholders' meeting for the resolution of the distribution of the dividend, in which cash dividend shall not be lower than 10% of entire dividend.

As the Corporation is a high-tech firm with intensive capital expenditure, conditions, timing, amount and kinds of the

BEFORE THE REVISION	AFTER THE REVISION						
	above-stated dividend policy may be						
	adjusted, taking into account economic						
	cycles, industry change and the						
	Corporation's growth and cash demand.						

Article 25

The Article of Incorporation are agreed to and signed on December 12, 1999 by all the promoters of the Corporation, and the first Amendment was approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 12, 2000, the second Amendment on May 4, 2001, the third Amendment on June 24, 2002, the fourth Amendment on June 24, 2003, the fifth Amendment on October 26, 2004, the sixth Amendment on June 24, 2005, the seventh Amendment on June 2, 2006, the eighth Amendment on June 19, 2008, the ninth Amendment on June 26, 2009, the tenth Amendment on June 24, 2010, the eleventh Amendment on June 10, 2011, the twelfth Amendment on June 5, 2012, and the thirteenth Amendment of June 3, 2015.

Article 25

The Article of Incorporation are agreed to and signed on December 12, 1999 by all the promoters of the Corporation, and the first Amendment was approved by the shareholders' meeting on May 12, 2000, the second Amendment on May 4, 2001, the third Amendment on June 24, 2002, the fourth Amendment on June 24, 2003, the fifth Amendment on October 26, 2004, the sixth Amendment on June 24, 2005, the seventh Amendment on June 2, 2006, the eighth Amendment on June 19, 2008, the ninth Amendment on June 26, 2009, the tenth Amendment on June 24, 2010, the eleventh Amendment on June 10, 2011, the twelfth Amendment on June 5, 2012, the thirteenth Amendment of June 3, 2015, and the fourteenth Amendment of June 24, 2016.

ATTACHMENT II: 2015 BUSINESS REPORT

2015 proved to be another year of turbulence driven by political uncertainty and implementation of extraordinary monetary policy in several developed economies. A significant policy divergence developed between the US Federal Reserve Bank (FED), and the European Central Bank (ECB) and Bank of Japan (BOJ), which influenced currency markets and resulted in the strengthening of the US dollar. response to continued low inflation and persistent sluggish growth, the ECB increased the size and expanded the type of assets purchased under its Quantitative Easing (QE) program, and further reduced interest rates into negative territory. The BOJ has been pursuing a similar path for several years and has led to a significant weakening its currency. In contrast to these policies, the US Federal Reserve raised its FED funds rate by 0.25% in December, and was the first rate increase since the 2008 financial crisis. Global currency markets anticipated this move, which was preceded by a significant appreciation of US dollar in the second half of 2015. The impact of dollar strength was rapidly transmitted across emerging economies as many commodities, particularly oil and basic metals, experienced increased volatility and substantial price declines. Furthermore, global growth momentum was adversely impacted mid-year by a surprise depreciation of the RMB and subsequent equity declines on Hong Kong and mainland exchanges. The Chinese economy is plagued by excess capacity and has clearly entered an economic slowdown, and Taiwan, a country economically linked to China, was significantly affected by the volatility in Chinese equity and FX markets. The multitude of economic shocks creates many challenges for enterprises in Taiwan and necessitates adaptation to a changing business environment. Additionally, numerous Taiwanese firms possess key technologies, and are now experiencing the dual threats of competition from the "red supply chain" as well as becoming the target for merger and acquisition by their opponents. Thus, the strategic calculation of whether to compete or to merge will impact investment decisions and ultimately affect an enterprise's long-term competitiveness, greatly increasing the operating difficulty for the corporation.

WIN has successfully adapted to the evolving business climate and is proud to report both revenue and net profit reached record highs in 2015. Although we experienced brief periods of muted demand due to supply chain inventory adjustments, we successfully optimized product mix and reduced market risk by leveraging our diversified technology portfolio. As a result, we controlled operational volatility and Moreover, in the area of corporate delivered 21% revenue growth in 2015. governance, WIN ranked in the top 5% of the first Corporate Governance Evaluation published by the Taiwan Stock Exchange in April 2015. WIN was granted the highest honor; grade A++, for the Evaluation of Information Disclosure. To earn this top grade, WIN was evaluated by the Authority in every management aspect including implementation of governance policy, emphasis on shareholders' equity, risk management, operational transparency, and disclosure of information. Furthermore, in 2015 WIN executed a capital reduction in order to optimize our capital structure and improve return on equity, and since completion this plan has proven to achieve its desired target. All of the achievements above have gained the recognition in the equity market, and by both foreign and domestic institutional investors.

2015 operating results and 2016 outlook are reported as follows:

A. Operating Performance in 2015

1. Operating Performance

The Company's 2015 consolidated revenues totaled NT\$12,015,747 thousand, representing an increase of 21.25% compared to the year 2014. 2015 net income was NT\$ 2,671,627 thousand, representing an increase of 36.07% compared to the prior year, and EPS for 2015 was NT\$3.97.

2. Analysis of Receipts, Expenditures, and Profitability

Unit: NT\$ thousands; %

	Items		2015	2014		
	Items		(Consolidated)	(Consolidated)		
Interest Income &	Interest Income		20,280	17,159		
Interest Expense	Interest Expense		13,852	48,304		
	sets (%)	11.68	9.33			
	Return on Stockhol	lders' Equity (%)	16.12	12.74		
Profitability	Ratio to Issued	Operating Income	58.84	31.19		
Fiornaomity	Capital (%)	Pre-tax Income	57.56	32.72		
	Profit Ratio (%)		22.23	19.81		
	Earnings per Share	(\$)	3.97	2.65		

3. Budget Implementation

The Company is not required to make public its 2015 financial forecast information; however, the Board of Directors approved the budget plan and the overall operating plan is in good condition.

4. Research and Development Status

Innovation has always been WIN's core competency, and our technology and talented employees being WIN's most valuable assets. To continue attracting global clients with our diversified market leading technologies, WIN has allocated considerable resources to technology innovation and advanced process development crucial for next generation applications. We believe our market leading process portfolio differentiates us from the competition and positions WIN as the industry's preferred foundry partner. The latest example of this proactive technology investment is WIN's integrated BiHEMT technology, which has now been widely adopted by tier—one handset makers and is a key component of its WiFi front-end module. This significant market share gain for WIN is derived from technology R&D launched more than 10 years ago.

WIN is one of the few GaAs foundries that provide vertically integrated manufacturing capabilities encompassing epitaxial growth, wafer fabrication, and packaging. WIN not only possesses the most advanced GaAs process and device technologies available, but also continually improves the quality control and speed of new technology development by leveraging our internal epitaxial wafer capability. Additionally, as mobile devices become thinner, our technologies must accommodate stacked assembly techniques and integration in low-profile packages. To address these market trends, WIN provides our customers in-house Copper pillar bumping services to enable flip-chip assembly techniques as well as supply chain simplification.

To address high power applications, WIN has invested in GaN technology for several years and has now commenced small-scale production. GaN technology provides the optimal solution for 4G base stations that are being deployed around the world. As the demand for mobile data continues to increase, 4G systems are moving to higher frequency bands (2.7GHs and above) and GaN provides superior bandwidth, linearity and efficiency to transmit data at these higher frequencies.

Moreover, the macro trend of increasing data consumption driven by FTTX, big data and emerging IoT devices is accelerating the rollout of higher capacity broadband networks and data center upgrades. These networks and data centers rely on fast, reliable transport of data over optical fiber, and the key transmitting and receiving components of these networks are realized by III/V compound semiconductors. WIN has content at multiple points of these networks and has achieved leadership in III/V compound semiconductor technology through continuous investment in process R&D and market development.

B. Business Plan in 2016

The smartphone market has been the largest end-market for the GaAs industry for many years and the mobile power amplifier is the single largest application for III-V semiconductors. However, mobile PA is also a highly volatile and competitive market with constant fluctuations in share allocation and periodic inventory adjustments. This market requires a high degree of operational flexibility, and investment for capacity expansion remains a challenging decision for a foundry partner who must always fulfill the shifting demands of multiple customers. WIN devotes substantial resources to understand application, customer and market trends in advance of capacity expansion to reduce risk and ensure we can meet the production demands of the industry.

After several years of volatility, WIN truly believes that the only way to reduce business risk is to diversify our end-markets and product mix. Fortunately, WIN possesses more than 15 years of R&D experience in multiple device technologies that enable us to diversify our markets beyond smartphones. With a broad technology portfolio, WIN continues to expand our business in infrastructure markets, which includes base stations, satellite communication, and fiber-optic networks. In 2015, WIN's enabling BiHEMT process has taken share in WiFi, supporting numerous products for the emerging 802.11ac standard, increasing revenue to a record high. Looking ahead in 2016, WIN remains positive on the trends of dual band RF frontend modules and MIMO for WiFi, and will remain focused on the high margin infrastructure business. We are confident that growth in revenue and net profit will continue in 2016, and have already begun the expansion of our new fab to fulfill increased customer demand.

C. Development Strategy

Although the U.S. and European economies are gradually recovering from recession while the Chinese economy is slowing down, our view of the global macroeconomic and industrial demand remains prudently optimistic. The supply and demand dynamics for the industry driven by the addressable market for IoT devices will be supportive of growth this year. This is due the migration of RF communication functions from smartphones to the field of IoT. According to market research forecasts, the number of IoT devices to be deployed is projected to

reach 40 billion units. Thus, demand for RF communication components and optical devices are expected to show robust growth, insulating WIN from the impact of saturation in the smartphone market in the coming years, as the era of M2M and V2V becomes the dominant end-market.

Although global smartphone unit sales are saturating, the total output for RF components is expected to maintain healthy growth, driven by the proliferation of dual band RF front-end modules and MIMO for WiFi. This trend is now migrating from high-end devices to the mid-/low-end devices as global LTE penetration increases. Therefore, WIN will continue its focus on the development of advanced technology to diversify our end-markets, aiming at a steady increase of revenue and net profit to maximize shareholder return.

D. The Impact of the External Competitive Environment, Regulatory Environment, and Macroeconomic Environment

Competition is always one of WIN's top motivations for growth and has driven the company to a leadership position in our industry. Many competitors are emulating WIN's success by copying our technology and business model. Recently, some of these companies engaged in unlawful business practices and attempted to bribe our engineers to steal confidential technology and R&D data. These illegal behaviors make the competitive environment much more challenging. WIN is committed to take every precaution to protect our intellectual property, and continues to take a strong IP position by seeking patents for our technologies. WIN will proactively take every action necessary to meet these challenges and ensure our sustainable long-term competitiveness.

Chin-Tsai Chen Chairman Yu-Chi Wang CEO Linna Su Accounting Officer

ATTACHMENT III: 2015 SUPERVISORS' REVIEW REPORT

2015 SUPERVISORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors has prepared and submitted to us the Company's 2015 Business Report, Parent-company-only Financial Statements, Consolidated Financial Statements, and proposal for allocation of profits. The CPA firm of KPMG was retained to audited WIN's Parent-company-only Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements and has issued an audit report relating to the Parent-company-only Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements. The Business Report, Parent-company-only Financial Statements, Consolidated Financial Statements and proposal for allocation of profits have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by us, supervisors of WIN Semiconductors Corp. According to article 219 of the Company Law, we hereby submit this report.

WIN Semiconductors Corp. Supervisors

Mei-Lan Wang

Cheng-Li Huang

International Fiber Technology Co, Ltd. Representative: Shih-Chuan Hsieh

March 17, 2016

ATTACHMENT IV: INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND 2015 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors WIN Semiconductors Corp.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of WIN Semiconductors Corp. (the "Company") and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" in the Republic of China. Those standards and regulations require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statements presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of WIN Semiconductors Corp. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C.

We have audited the parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 on which we have expressed an unqualified opinion.

Taipei, Taiwan (the Republic of China) March 17, 2016

Note to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

WIN Semiconductors Corp. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015.12.31	2014.12.31		2015.12.31	2014.12.31
Assets			Liabilities and Equity		
Current assets:			Current liabilities:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,869,657	2,677,199	Short-term borrowings	\$ 23,656	-
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,014,688	1,321,271	Accounts payable	1,309,867	929,773
Current available-for-sale financial assets	629,823	677,271	Other payables	1,810,125	1,173,860
Notes and accounts receivable, net	700,028	690,051	Long-term liabilities, current portion	841,507	545,444
Inventories	2,471,370	1,499,917	Other current liabilities	620,449	99,529
Other current assets	298,537	259,035	Total current liabilities	4,605,604	2,748,606
Total current assets	6,984,103	7,124,744	Non-current liabilities:		
Non-current assets:			Long-term borrowings	2,098,796	2,938,331
Non-current available-for-sale financial assets	1,268,721	1,061,717	Deferred tax liabilities	28,159	30,362
Non-current investments in debt instrument without active market	159,600	159,600	Other non-current liabilities	169,814	158,959
Investments accounted for using equity method	657,960	381,566	Total non-current liabilities	2,296,769	3,127,652
Property, plant and equipment	11,623,190	11,652,510	Total liabilities	6,902,373	5,876,258
Investment property	1,085,846	1,091,162	Equity:		
Intangible assets	62,370	54,422	Ordinary share	5,965,641	7,422,377
Deferred tax assets	85,104	66,135	Capital surplus	3,815,017	3,768,620
Prepayments for business facilities	2,135,838	178,911	Retained earnings	7,045,498	4,527,782
Other non-current assets	48,741	45,141	Other equity interest	382,944	220,871
Total non-current assets	17,127,370	14,691,164	Total equity	17,209,100	15,939,650
Total assets	\$ <u>24,111,473</u>	21,815,908	Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>24,111,473</u>	21,815,908

WIN Semiconductors Corp. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2015	2014
Operating revenue	\$	12,015,747	9,910,010
Operating costs		(7,254,716)	(6,400,414)
Gross profit from operations		4,761,031	3,509,596
Operating expenses:	_		
Selling expenses		(131,408)	(135,698)
Administrative expenses		(546,774)	(497,423)
Research and development expenses		(572,485)	(561,783)
Total operating expenses		(1,250,667)	(1,194,904)
Net operating income		3,510,364	2,314,692
Non-operating income and expenses:			· · · · ·
Other income		102,438	95,628
Other gains and losses		(59,117)	71,857
Finance costs		(13,852)	(48,304)
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using		(106,195)	(4,919)
equity method			
Total non-operating income and expenses	_	(76,726)	114,262
Profit before tax		3,433,638	2,428,954
Total tax expense	_	(762,011)	(465,485)
Profit		2,671,627	1,963,469
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be	<u>;</u>		
reclassified to profit loss:			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(6,304)	3,166
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income		4.070	(7.2 0)
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	_	1,072	(538)
Total components of other comprehensive income (loss)		(5.222)	2.629
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be	_	(5,232)	2,628
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements		15,177	22,322
Unrealized gains on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		147,199	99,567
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ven-			
tures accounted for using equity method		(303)	-
Income tax related to comprehensive of other comprehensive in-			
come that will be reclassified to profit or loss		<u>-</u>	
Total components of other comprehensive income hat will		1 (2 072	121 000
be reclassified to profit or loss	_	162,073	121,889
Other comprehensive income, net	ф —	156,841	124,517
Comprehensive income	> =	2,828,468	<u>2,087,986</u>
Profit, attributable to:			
Profit, attributable to owners of parent	\$ _	<u>2,671,627</u>	1,963,469
Comprehensive income attributable to :			
Comprehensive income, attributable to owners of parent	\$ _	<u>2,828,468</u>	2,087,986
Earnings per common share (expressed in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share	\$ _	3.97	2.65
Diluted earnings per share	\$ _	3.94	2.62

WIN Semiconductors Corp. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Retained earnings			Otl	ner equity interest					
	Ordinary share	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets	Total	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non - controlling interests	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2014	\$ 7,392,754	3,728,358	423,456	34,015	3,214,012	3,671,483	(17,413)	116,395	98,982	14,891,577	-	14,891,577
Appropriation of 2013 earnings approved by stockholders during their meeting in 2014:												
Legal reserve	-	-	181,151	-	(181,151)	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(1,109,798)	(1,109,798)	-	-	-	(1,109,798)	-	(1,109,798)
Reversal of special reserve				(34,015)	34,015			<u> </u>				
			181,151	(34,015)	(1,256,934)	(1,109,798)			-	(1,109,798)		(1,109,798)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2014	-	-	-	-	1,963,469	1,963,469	-	-	-	1,963,469	-	1,963,469
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2014					2,628	2,628	22,322	99,567	121,889	124,517		124,517
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2014					1,966,097	1,966,097	22,322	99,567	121,889	2,087,986		2,087,986
Changes in equity of associated and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	256	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	256	-	256
Exercise of employee stock options	29,623	34,383	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,006	-	64,006
Compensation cost arising from employee stock options		5,623						<u> </u>		5,623		5,623
Balance on December 31, 2014	7,422,377	3,768,620	604,607	-	3,923,175	4,527,782	4,909	215,962	220,871	15,939,650	-	15,939,650
Appropriation of 2014 earnings approved by stockholders during their meeting in 2015:												
Legal reserve	-	-	196,347	-	(196,347)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends					(148,679)	(148,679)			-	(148,679)		(148,679)
			196,347		(345,026)	(148,679)			-	(148,679)		(148,679)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2015	-	-	-	-	2,671,627	2,671,627	-	-	-	2,671,627	-	2,671,627
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2015					(5,232)	(5,232)	14,874	147,199	162,073	156,841		156,841
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2015					2,666,395	2,666,395	14,874	147,199	162,073	2,828,468		2,828,468
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	1,916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,916	-	1,916
Capital reduction	(1,486,790)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,486,790)	-	(1,486,790)
Exercise of employee stock options	30,054	44,481						<u> </u>		74,535		74,535
Balance on December 31, 2015	\$ <u>5,965,641</u>	<u>3,815,017</u>	800,954		6,244,544	<u>7,045,498</u>	<u>19,783</u>	<u>363,161</u>	382,944	<u>17,209,100</u>		<u>17,209,100</u>

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WIN Semiconductors Corp. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Profit before tax	\$ 3,433,638	2,428,954
Adjustments:		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss): Depreciation expense	1,899,310	1,852,273
Amortization expense	23,781	29,498
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	16,108	(121,208)
Interest expense Interest income	13,852 (20,280)	48,304 (17,159)
Dividend income	(37,901)	(46,845)
Share-based payments	-	5,623
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	109,979	4,919
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of investments	(1,824) 47,087	19 64,325
Impairment loss on financial assets	65,050	-
Prepayments for business facilities transferred to other losses	<u> </u>	7,936
Total adjustments to reconcile profit	2,115,162	1,827,685
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets: Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10,073	(132,925)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	(9,977)	(39,613)
Inventories	(1,023,336)	(294,386)
Other current assets	(108,938)	(72,287)
Total changes in operating assets Changes in operating liabilities:	(1,132,178)	(539,211)
Accounts payable	380,094	294,654
Other payables	87,511	124,210
Other current liabilities	520,920	(19,127)
Other non-current liabilities Total changes in energting liabilities	1,248 989,773	1,754 401,491
Total changes in operating liabilities Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(142,405)	(137,720)
Cash inflow generated from operations	5,406,395	4,118,919
Dividends received	1,030	375
Income taxes paid Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>(514,766)</u> 4,892,659	(289,420) 3,829,874
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(5,127,443)	(4,329,787)
Proceeds from disposal of current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,447,999	4,291,586
Acquisition of current available-for-sale financial assets Disposal of current available-for-sale financial assets	-	(282,148) 7,679
Acquisition of non-current available-for-sale financial assets	(55,620)	(345,000)
Proceeds from disposal of non-current available-for-sale financial assets	29,711	5,170
Proceeds from capital reduction of non-current available-for-sale financial assets	-	43,200
Proceeds from disposal of non-current investments in debt instrument without active market Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(448,130)	30,400
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,522,760)	(611,195)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,560	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(32,403)	(16,323)
Increase in other non-current assets Increase in prepayments for business facilities	(3,600) (1,970,361)	(1,884) (126,386)
Interest received	19,564	15,852
Dividends received	36,871	46,470
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(3,618,612)	(1,272,366)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities: Increase in short-term borrowings	23,656	_
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	529,000
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(545,444)	(1,316,444)
Increase in other non-current liabilities	3,303	10,000
Cash dividends paid Capital reduction payments to shareholders	(148,679) (1,486,790)	(1,109,798)
Exercise of employee share options	74,535	64,006
Interest paid	(12,130)	(44,205)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(2,091,549)	(1,867,441)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,960 (807,542)	20,251 710,318
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	2,677,199	1,966,881
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	\$ <u>1,869,657</u>	2,677,199
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ATTACHMENT V: INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND 2015 PARENT-COMPANY-ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors WIN Semiconductors Corp.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of WIN Semiconductors Corp. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" in the Republic of China. Those standards and regulations require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent-company-only financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the parent-company-only financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the parent-company-only financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers".

Taipei, Taiwan (the Republic of China) March 17, 2016

Note to Readers

The accompanying parent-company-only financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance, and cash flows in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers". The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language auditors' report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015.12.31	2014.12.31		2015.12.31	2014.12.31
Assets			Liabilities and Equity		
Current assets:			Current liabilities:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,742,988	2,536,853	Short-term borrowings	\$ 23,656	-
Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	948,291	1,197,247	Accounts payable	1,309,867	929,773
Current available-for-sale financial assets	629,823	677,271	Other payables	1,789,058	1,151,526
Notes and accounts receivable, net	300,134	306,879	Long-term liabilities, current portion	841,507	545,444
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	375,716	110,530	Other current liabilities	606,806	97,267
Inventories	2,471,370	1,499,917	Total current liabilities	4,570,894	2,724,010
Other current assets	294,091	258,757	Non-current liabilities:		
Total current assets	6,762,413	6,587,454	Long-term borrowings	2,098,796	2,938,331
Non-current assets:			Deferred tax liabilities	28,159	30,362
Non-current available-for-sale financial assets	865,828	797,168	Other non-current liabilities	<u>169,814</u>	158,959
Non-current investments in debt instrument without active market	159,600	159,600	Total non-current liabilities	2,296,769	3,127,652
Investments accounted for using equity method	1,248,153	1,159,029	Total liabilities	6,867,663	5,851,662
Property, plant and equipment	11,622,870	11,652,290	Equity:		
Investment property	1,085,846	1,091,162	Ordinary share	5,965,641	7,422,377
Intangible assets	62,370	54,422	Capital surplus	3,815,017	3,768,620
Deferred tax assets	85,104	66,135	Retained earnings	7,045,498	4,527,782
Prepayments for business facilities	2,135,838	178,911	Other equity interest	382,944	220,871
Other non-current assets	48,741	45,141	Total equity	17,209,100	15,939,650
Total non-current assets	17,314,350	15,203,858			
Total assets	\$ <u>24,076,763</u>	<u>21,791,312</u>	Total liabilities and equity	\$ <u>24,076,763</u>	21,791,312

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2015	2014
Operating revenue	\$	11,904,017	9,776,226
Operating costs		(7,191,668)	(6,391,337)
Gross profit from operations		4,712,349	3,384,889
Operating expenses:			
Selling expenses		(69,803)	(84,529)
Administrative expenses		(514,021)	(461,044)
Research and development expenses		(572,485)	(561,783)
Total operating expenses		(1,156,309)	(1,107,356)
Net operating income		3,556,040	2,277,533
Non-operating income and expenses:			
Other income		98,413	92,587
Other gains and losses		(48,306)	87,505
Finance costs		(13,852)	(48,304)
Share of income (loss) of subsidiaries, associates and joint			
ventures accounted for using equity method		(158,912)	19,573
Total non-operating income and expenses		(122,657)	151,361
Profit before tax		3,433,383	2,428,894
Total tax expense		(761,756)	(465,425)
Profit		2,671,627	1,963,469
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not			
be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(6,304)	3,166
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive in-			
come that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		1,072	(538)
Total components of other comprehensive income (loss)		(5.222)	2 (20
that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(5,232)	2,628
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial state-			
ments		15,177	22,322
Unrealized gains (losses) on valuation of available-for-sale fi-		10,177	,e
nancial assets		43,012	(11,687)
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates			
and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		103,884	111,254
Income tax related to comprehensive of other comprehensive in-			
come that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Total components of the components that will be reclas-		1.62.072	121 000
sified to profit or loss Other comprehensive income not		162,073 156,841	121,889
Other comprehensive income, net Comprehensive income	\$	156,841 2,828,468	<u>124,517</u> 2,087,986
_	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Earnings per common share (expressed in dollars)	Φ	2.07	2 (5
Basic earnings per share	\$	3.97	<u>2.65</u>
Diluted earnings per share	Þ	3.94	<u> 2.62</u>

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Retained	earnings		(Other equity interest		
	Ordinary share	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale financial assets	Total	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2014	\$ 7,392,754	3,728,358	423,456	34,015	3,214,012	3,671,483	(17,413)	116,395	98,982	14,891,577
Appropriation of 2013 earnings approved by stockholders during their meeting in 2014 (Note 1)										
Legal reserve	-	-	181,151	-	(181,151)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(1,109,798)	(1,109,798)	-	-	-	(1,109,798)
Reversal of special reserve				(34,015)	34,015					
			<u> 181,151</u>	(34,015)	(1,256,934)	(1,109,798)				(1,109,798)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2014	-	-	-	-	1,963,469	1,963,469	-	-	-	1,963,469
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2014					2,628	2,628	22,322	99,567	121,889	124,517
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2014					1,966,097	1,966,097	22,322	99,567	121,889	2,087,986
Changes in equity of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	1,576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,576
Exercise of employee stock options	29,623	34,383	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,006
Compensation cost arising from employee stock options		4,303								4,303
Balance on December 31, 2014	7,422,377	3,768,620	604,607	-	3,923,175	4,527,782	4,909	215,962	220,871	15,939,650
Appropriation of 2014 earnings approved by stockholders during their meeting in 2015 (Note 2)										
Legal reserve	-	-	196,347	-	(196,347)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends					(148,679)	(148,679)				(148,679)
			196,347		(345,026)	(148,679)				(148,679)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2015	-	-	-	-	2,671,627	2,671,627	-	-	-	2,671,627
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2015					(5,232)	(5,232)	14,874	147,199	162,073	156,841
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2015					2,666,395	2,666,395	14,874	147,199	162,073	2,828,468
Changes in equity of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	1,916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,916
Capital reduction	(1,486,790)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,486,790)
Exercise of employee stock options	30,054	44,481								74,535
Balance on December 31, 2015	\$ <u>5,965,641</u>	<u>3,815,017</u>	800,954		<u>6,244,544</u>	<u>7,045,498</u>	19,783	<u>363,161</u>	382,944	<u>17,209,100</u>

Note 1: The appropriations for 2013 employee's bonus, directors' and supervisors' remuneration amounting to NT\$166,400 and NT\$49,900, respectively, were recognized and accrued in the 2013 earnings.

Note 2: The appropriations for 2014 employee's bonus, directors' and supervisors' remuneration amounting to NT\$176,700 and NT\$53,000, respectively, were recognized and accrued in the 2014 earnings.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2015	2014
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:	¢ 2.422.292	2 429 904
Profit before tax Adjustments:	\$ 3,433,383	2,428,894
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
	1 000 244	1.052.100
Depreciation expense Amortization expense	1,899,244 23,781	1,852,199 29,498
Net loss (gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2,356	(130,285)
Interest expense	13,852	48,304
Interest income	(20,188)	(16,934)
Dividend income	(32,938)	(43,654)
Share-based payments	-	4,303
Share of loss (income) of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	158,912	(19,573)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,824)	- 64.501
Loss on disposal of investments Impairment loss on financial assets	13,285 53,341	64,501
Prepayments for business facilities transferred to other losses	-	7,936
Total adjustments to reconcile profit	2,109,821	1,796,295
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Changes in operating assets:		
Notes and accounts receivable, net	6,745	16,349
Accounts receivable due from related parties, net	(265,186)	(11,489)
Inventories	(1,023,336)	(294,386)
Other current assets	(104,752)	(72,429)
Total changes in operating assets	(1,386,529)	(361,955)
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	380,094	294,654
Other payables	88,878	112,702
Other current liabilities	509,539	(20,338)
Other non-current liabilities	1,248	1,754
Total changes in operating liabilities Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>979,759</u> (406,770)	388,772 26,817
Cash inflow generated from operations	5,136,434	4,252,006
Income taxes paid	(514,611)	(289,376)
Net cash flows from operating activities	4,621,823	3,962,630
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		
Acquisition of current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(5,127,443)	(4,329,787)
Proceeds from disposal of current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5,447,999	4,291,586
Acquisition of current available-for-sale financial assets	-	(282,148)
Proceeds from disposal of current available-for-sale financial assets	(25,000)	7,679
Acquisition of non-current available-for-sale financial assets Proceeds from disposal of non-current available-for-sale financial assets	(25,000) 29,711	(312,000) 5,170
Proceeds from capital reduction of non-current available-for-sale financial assets	-	43,200
Proceeds from disposal of non-current investments in debt instrument without active market	-	30,400
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(180,400)	(200,000)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(1,522,594)	(610,999)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,560	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(32,403)	(16,323)
Increase in other non-current assets	(3,600)	(1,884)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities Interest received	(1,970,361) 19,454	(126,386) 15,645
Dividends received	32,938	43,654
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(3,324,139)	(1,442,193)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Increase in short-term loans	23,656	-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	529,000
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(545,444)	(1,316,444)
Increase in other non-current liabilities	3,303	10,000
Cash dividends paid	(148,679)	(1,109,798)
Capital reduction payments to shareholders Exercise of amplayee share options	(1,486,790) 74,535	- 64,006
Exercise of employee share options Interest paid	(12,130)	(44,205)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(2,091,549)	(1,867,441)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(793,865)	652,996
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	2,536,853	1,883,857
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$ <u>1,742,988</u>	2,536,853

ATTACHMENT VI: PROFIT ALLOCATION PROPOSAL

WIN Semiconductors Corp. 2015 Profit Allocation Proposal

Unit: NT\$

Net profit of 2015	2,671,626,942
Less: 10% legal reserve	(267,162,694)
Retained earnings in 2015 available for distribution	2,404,464,248
Distributable item:	
Cash dividends to common share holders (NT\$0.5 per share)	(298,333,131)
Unappropriated retained earnings of 2015	2,106,131,117
Add: uappropriated retained earnings, Dec. 31, 2014	3,578,149,230
Less: remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(5,232,320)
Unappropriated retained earnings, Dec. 31, 2015	5,679,048,027

If there is any net profit after closing of a fiscal year, the Corporation shall first pay business income tax, offset losses in previous years, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the profits left over, provided that no allocation of legal reserve is required if the accumulated legal reserve is equivalent to the total capital amount of the Corporation; and then set aside or rotate special reserve according to the rule set out by the government authority in charge. If there is still remaining balance, the Board of Directors should draw up a meeting regarding the issue of profit distribution and report to the shareholders' meeting for the resolution of the distribution of the dividend, in which cash dividend shall not be lower than 10% of entire dividend.

As the Company is a high-tech firm with intensive capital expenditure, conditions, timing, amount and kinds of the above-stated dividend policy may be adjusted, taking into account economic cycles, industry change and the Company's growth and cash demand.

Chin-Tsai Chen Yu-Chi Wang Linna Su
Chairman CEO Accounting Officer

ATTACHMENT VII: REVISIONS TO RULES AND PROCEDURES OF SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Before and After Revision

BEFORE THE REVISION

7. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman presiding at the Meeting in the case that the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors. If, for any reason, the Chairman of the Board of Directors cannot preside at the Meeting, the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors or one of the Directors shall preside at the Meeting in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Law of the Republic of China.

If the Meeting is convened by any person entitled to convene the Meeting other than the Board of Directors, such person shall be the chairman to preside at the Meeting. If there is more than one such person entitles to convene the Meeting, those persons shall nominate amongst themselves to be the Meeting's chairman.

The notifications and announcements shall state the reasons for the Meeting. The election or discharge of directors and supervisors, the amendment of this Company's Incorporation, Articles of dissolution, merger, or spin-off of the Company, or the matters specified in the Article 185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Law, or Article 26-1 or Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Law shall be listed among the reasons for the Meeting, and may not be proposed as provisional motions.

AFTER THE REVISION

7. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman presiding at the Meeting in the case that the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors. If, for any reason, the Chairman of the Board of Directors cannot preside at the Meeting, the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors or one of the Directors shall preside at the Meeting in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Law of the Republic of China.

If the Meeting is convened by any person entitled to convene the Meeting other than the Board of Directors, such person shall be the chairman to preside at the Meeting. If there is more than one such person entitles to convene the Meeting, those persons shall nominate amongst themselves to be the Meeting's chairman.

The notifications and announcements shall state the reasons for the Meeting. The election or discharge of directors, the amendment of this Company's Articles of Incorporation, the dissolution, merger, or spin-off of Company, the the or matters in specified Article the 185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Law, or Article 26-1 or Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Law shall be listed among the reasons for the Meeting, and may not be proposed as provisional motions.

BEFORE THE REVISION

18. If the election of directors and supervisors is conducted during the Meeting, such an election shall be performed in accordance with the Company's Rules for Election of Directors and Supervisors, and the results must be announced at the Meeting.

The ballots casts in the election in the forgoing paragraph shall be sealed and signed by the persons responsible for checking ballots and kept for at least one year. If a shareholder initiates a lawsuit in accordance with Article 189 of the Company Law, ballots shall be kept until the end of the lawsuit.

AFTER THE REVISION

18. If the election of directors and supervisors is conducted during the Meeting, such an election shall be performed in accordance with the Company's Rules for Election of Directors, and the results must be announced at the Meeting.

The ballots casts in the election in the forgoing paragraph shall be sealed and signed by the persons responsible for checking ballots and kept for at least one year. If a shareholder initiates a lawsuit in accordance with Article 189 of the Company Law, ballots shall be kept until the end of the lawsuit.

ATTACHMENT IIX: REVISIONS TO RULES FOR ELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

Before and After Revision

BEFORE THE REVISION	AFTER THE REVISION
Title	Title
RULES FOR ELECTION OF	RULES FOR ELECTION OF
DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS	DIRECTORS
Article 1	Article 1
Unless otherwise provided in relevant	Unless otherwise provided in relevant
laws and regulations or the Company's	laws and regulations or the Company's
Articles of Incorporation, the directors	Articles of Incorporation, the directors
and supervisors of this Company shall	of this Company shall be elected in
be elected in accordance with the rules	accordance with the rules specified
specified herein.	herein.
Article 2	Article 2
Election of directors and supervisors of	Election of directors of this Company
this Company shall be held at the	shall be held at the shareholders'
shareholders' meeting <u>separately</u> or	meeting. This Company shall prepare
simultaneously. This Company shall	ballots and note the number of voting
prepare ballots and note the number of	rights.
voting rights.	
Article 2 1	Article 2 1

Article 2-1

The overall composition of the Board of shall be taken Directors into consideration in the selection of the Company's directors. The composition of the Board of Directors shall be determined by taking diversity into and formulating consideration appropriate policy on diversity based on the company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs. It is advisable that the policy include, without being limited to, the following two general standards:

- 1. Basic requirements and values: Gender, age, nationality, and culture.
- 2. Professional knowledge and skills: A professional background (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, technology), professional skills, and industry experience.

All members of the board shall have the knowledge, skills, and experience necessary to perform their duties. To achieve the ideal goal of corporate governance, the board of directors shall

Article 2-1

The overall composition of the Board of Directors shall be taken into consideration in the selection of the Company's directors. The composition of the Board of Directors shall be determined by taking diversity into formulating consideration and appropriate policy on diversity based on the company's business operations, operating dynamics, and development needs. It is advisable that the policy include, without being limited to, the following two general standards:

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All members of the board shall have the knowledge, skills, and experience necessary to perform their duties. To achieve the ideal goal of corporate governance, the board of directors shall

BEFORE THE REVISION

possess the following abilities:

- 1. Ability to make operational judgments.
- 2. Ability to perform accounting and financial analysis.
- 3. Ability to conduct management administration.
- 4. Ability to conduct crisis management.
- 5. Knowledge of the industry.
- 6. An international market perspective.
- 7. Leadership.
- 8. Ability to make policy decisions.

A supervisor may not serve concurrently as the managerial officer, or any other employee of the Company, and should ideally be domiciled in the Republic of China to be able to promptly fulfill the functions of supervisor.

Article 2-2

directors Elections of both and supervisors at the Company shall be conducted in accordance with the nomination system candidate and procedures set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act, reviewing directors' and supervisors' qualifications, education and working experience credentials, and the existence of any matters set forth in Article 30 of the Company Act.

Article 3

In the election of directors <u>and</u> <u>supervisors</u> of this Company, the names of voters may be represented by shareholders' numbers.

Article 4

In the election of directors and supervisors of this Company, each share shall have voting rights equivalent to the number of seats to be elected and such voting rights can be combined to vote for one person or divided to vote for several persons.

AFTER THE REVISION

possess the following abilities:

- 1. Ability to make operational judgments.
- 2. Ability to perform accounting and financial analysis.
- 3. Ability to conduct management administration.
- 4. Ability to conduct crisis management.
- 5. Knowledge of the industry.
- 6. An international market perspective.
- 7. Leadership.
- 8. Ability to make policy decisions.

Article 2-2

Elections of directors at the Company shall be conducted in accordance with the candidate nomination system and procedures set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act, reviewing of directors' qualifications, education and working experience credentials, and the existence of any matters set forth in Article 30 of the Company Act.

Article 3

In the election of directors of this Company, the names of voters may be represented by shareholders' numbers.

Article 4

In the election of directors of this Company, each share shall have voting rights equivalent to the number of seats to be elected and such voting rights can be combined to vote for one person or divided to vote for several persons.

The election of Independent Directors and Directors of the Corporation shall be conducted concurrently and the number of the Independent Directors and Directors to be elected shall be

BEFORE THE REVISION	AFTER THE REVISION
	calculated separately.
Article 5	Article 5
In the election of directors and	In the election of directors of this
supervisors of this Company, candidates	Company, candidates who acquire more
who acquire more votes should win the	votes should win the seats. If two or
seats. If two or more persons acquire the	more persons acquire the same number
same number of votes and the number	of votes and the number of such persons
of such persons exceeds the specified	exceeds the specified seats available,
seats available, such persons acquiring	such persons acquiring the same votes
the same votes shall draw lots to decide	shall draw lots to decide who should
who should win the seats available, and	win the seats available, and the
the Chairman shall draw lots on behalf	Chairman shall draw lots on behalf of
of the candidate who is not present.	the candidate who is not present.
Article 11	Article 11
The Board of Directors shall issue	The Board of Directors shall issue
notifications to the directors and	notifications to the directors elected.
supervisors elected.	

ATTACHMENT IX: LIST OF DIRECTOR (INCLUDING INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR) CANDIDATES

Title / Name	Education & Major Experience	Other Major Positions	Shareholdings* (shares)
Director Mr. Chin-Tsai Chen (Dennis Chen, 陳進財)	 Master Degree in Public Administration, University of San Francisco, USA Master Degree in Accounting, Tamkang University, Taiwan General Manager, Namchow Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd. 	 Chairman and President, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Vice Chairman, HIWIN Technologies Corp. Director, Namchow Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd. Independent Director, Kinsus Interconnect Technology Corp. Independent Director, Tong Hsing Electronic Industries, Ltd. Director Representative, Navigator Business Publications Co., Ltd. Director, Namchow (British Virgin Islands) Ltd. Director, Nacia International Corp. Director, Shanghai Paulaner Restaurant & Drink Co., Ltd. Director, Ting Hao (Cayman Islands) Holding Corp. Director, Tianjin Namchow Oil & Fat Co., Ltd. Director, Namchow (Thailand) Ltd. Director, WIN SEMI. USA, INC. Director, Win Semiconductors Cayman Islands Co., Ltd. Director, Shanghai Qiaohao Trading Co., Ltd. Director, Guangzhon Namchow Oil & Fat Co., Ltd. Director, Guangzhon Namchow Oil & Fat Co., Ltd. Director, Hiwin Corporation, U.S.A. Director, Hiwin Corporation Director Representative, WIN Venture Capital Corp. Chairman, Inventec Energy Corporation Supervisor Representative, Dian Shui Lou Restaurant Business Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Taipei Financial Center Corp. 	17,848,895

Title / Name	Education & Major Experience	Other Major Positions	Shareholdings* (shares)
Director International Fiber Technology Co., Ltd. (國際纖維科技股份有限公司	• None	Supervisor, WIN Semiconductors Corp.	5,041,253
Representative: Mr. Shih-Chuan Hsieh (代表人:謝式川)	 Bachelor Degree in Agricultural Economics, National Taiwan University, Taiwan Chairman, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Director, Episil Technologies Inc. 	 Supervisor Representative, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Chairman, International Fiber Technology Co., Ltd. 	0
Director Mr. Li-Cheng Yeh (葉力誠)	 Master Degree in Computer Science, Pace University, USA Supervisor, Inventec Energy Corporation 	 Supervisor, E-Ton Solar Tech Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Kou Hsieh Investment Co., Ltd. Supervisor, Inventec Besta Co., Ltd. Chairman, Fu Tai Investment Co., Ltd. Chairman, Chuan Cheng Assets Management Co., Ltd. Vice Chairman, Royal Base Corporation 	11,062,997
Director Dr. Yu-Chi Wang (YC Wang,王郁琦)	 PhD in Material Engineering, Rutgers University, USA Researcher, Bell Laboratories, Lucent Technologies, Murray Hill, NJ, USA 	 Director and CEO, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Director and CEO, WIN SEMI. USA, INC. 	1,602,993
Director Dr. Wen-Ming Chang (William Chang, 張文銘)	 PhD in Chemical Engineering, Clemson University, USA General Manager, Huga Optotech Inc. 	 Director & BU General Manager, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Director Representative, Inventec Energy Corporation 	540,737

Title / Name	Education & Major Experience	Other Major Positions	Shareholdings* (shares)
Director Mr. Shun-Ping Chen (Steve Chen,陳舜平)	 Master Degree in Business Administration, Rutgers University, USA Manager, Protek (Shanghai) Limited 	 Director and Senior Vice President, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Director Representative, WIN Venture Capital Corp. Director Representative, Phalanx Biotech Group Corp. Director Representative, NEW FUTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD. Supervisor Representative, CDIB CME Fund Ltd. 	2,731,373
Independent Director Mr. Chao-Shun Chang (張兆順)	 Master Degree in Public Finance, National Chengchi University, Taiwan Certified Public Accountant Director / Supervisor, Share Long Securities Co., Ltd. Supervisor, First Commercial Bank Supervisor, First Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Chairman, Franklin Templeton First Taiwan Securities Investment Trust Enterprise Chairman, Bank of Overseas Chinese Chairman, Taiwan Business Bank Chairman of First Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and First Commercial Bank Supervisor, Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Supervisor, Securities and Futures Institute, ROC 	 Independent Director, WIN Semiconductors Corp. CPA, Enrich CPAs & Co., Chairman, ACE Venture Consulting Corporation Independent Director, Formosa Laboratories, Inc. Independent Director, TSEC Corporation Director, Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation 	0

Title / Name	Education & Major Experience	Other Major Positions	Share- holdings* (shares)
Independent Director Dr. Shen-Yi Li (李伸一)	 PhD in Law, Chinese Culture University, Taiwan Qualified Arbitrator, Chinese Arbitration Association Chairman, Consumer's Foundation, Taiwan, R.O.C. Commissioner, Political Party Review Commission, Executive Yuan, Taiwan Commissioner, Fair Trade Commission, Executive Yuan, Taiwan Member, 2nd and 3rd Sessions, Control Yuan, Taiwan Chairman, Junior Chamber International Taiwan Chairman, Taiwan Rotary Club Association General Secretary, Dharma Drum Mountain Humanity and Social Foundation Adjunct Associate Professor, National Chengchi University Adjunct Associate Professor, Chinese Culture University Member of CSR Evaluation, Commonwealth Magazine Co., Ltd. Director and Member of Compensation Committee, WIN Semiconductors Corp. 	 General Secretary, Dharma Drum Mountain Humanity and Social Foundation Member of Compensation Committee, Capital Futures Corporation Director Representative, Nan Ya Plastics Corporation Independent Director, China Steel Corporation Independent Director, Entie Commercial Bank, Ltd. Supervisor, Chinese Culture University Supervisor, Taoyuan International Airport Services Co., Ltd. 	60,045

Title / Name	Education & Major Experience	Other Major Positions	Share- holdings* (shares)
Independent Director Dr. Wei-Lin Wang (王偉霖)	 Juris Science Doctor, Washington University in St. Louis, USA Partner, New Hope Law Firm, Taiwan Foreign Associate, Haynes and Boone, LLP (Dallas Headquarter), Dallas, Texas, USA Sr. Counselor, Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law Associate Professor and Director, Graduate Institute for Intellectual Property Rights, Shih Hsin University, Taiwan Assistant Professor, Graduate Institute of Intellectual Property, National Chengchi University, Taiwan Assistant Professor, Graduate Institute of Financial and Economic Law, Feng Chia University, Taiwan 	 Independent Director, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Member of Compensation Committee, WIN Semiconductors Corp. Assistant Professor, Financial Law Department, Ming Chuan University Independent Director, Young Fast Optoelectronics Co., Ltd. Independent Director, ANT Precision Industry Co. Ltd. Director Representative, ID Branding Venture Capital Inc. Director Representative, Global Strategic Investment Fund Member of Compensation Committee, Hold Key Electric Wire & Cable, Co. Ltd. 	0

^{*} Shareholdings as of April 26, 2016.

ATTACHMENT X: DIRECTORS AND POSITIONS HELD (INCLUDING INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR) FOR RELEASE OF NON-COMPETITION RESTRICTIONS

Name	Relevant positions held concurrently by directors
Chin-Tsai Chen (Dennis Chen, 陳進財)	 Vice Chairman, HIWIN Technologies Corp. Director, Namchow Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd. Independent Director, Kinsus Interconnect Technology Corp. Independent Director, Tong Hsing Electronic Industries, Ltd. Director Representative, Navigator Business Publications Co., Ltd. Director, Namchow (British Virgin Islands) Ltd. Director, Nacia International Corp. Director, Shanghai Paulaner Restaurant & Drink Co., Ltd. Director, Ting Hao (Cayman Islands) Holding Corp. Director, Tianjin Namchow Oil & Fat Co., Ltd. Director, Namchow (Thailand) Ltd. Director, Shanghai Qiaohao Trading Co., Ltd. Director, Tianjin Yoshi Yoshi Co., Ltd. Director, Guangzhon Namchow Oil & Fat Co., Ltd. Director, Mostro (Tailand) Ltd. Director, Hiwin Corporation, U.S.A. Director, ITEQ Corporation Chairman, Inventec Energy Corporation
International Fiber Technology Co., Ltd. Representative: Shih-Chuan Hsieh (國際纖維科技股份有限 公司 代表人:謝式川)	Chairman, International Fiber Technology Co., Ltd.
Li-Cheng Yeh (葉力誠)	 Chairman, Fu Tai Investment Co., Ltd. Chairman, Chuan Cheng Assets Management Co., Ltd. Vice Chairman, Royal Base Corporation
Wen-Ming Chang (William Chang, 張文銘)	Director Representative, Inventec Energy Corporation
Shun-Ping Chen (Steve Chen, 陳舜平)	 Director Representative, Phalanx Biotech Group Corp. Director Representative, NEW FUTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD.
Chao-Shun Chang (張兆順)	 Chairman, ACE Venture Consulting Corporation Independent Director, Formosa Laboratories, Inc. Independent Director, TSEC Corporation Director, Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation
Shen-Yi Li (李伸一)	 Director Representative, Nan Ya Plastics Corporation Independent Director, China Steel Corporation Independent Director, Entie Commercial Bank, Ltd.
Wei-Lin Wang (王偉霖)	 Independent Director, Young Fast Optoelectronics Co., Ltd. Independent Director, ANT Precision Industry Co. Ltd. Director Representative, ID Branding Venture Capital Inc. Director Representative, Global Strategic Investment Fund